



Psychological Database For Brain Impairment Treatment Efficacy

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Target Area: Anxiety, Depression, Stress & Adjustment

Cole & Vaughan (2005). Brief Cognitive Behavioural Therapy for Depression Associated with	RoBiNT score
Parkinson's Disease: A Single Case Series. British	
Association for Behavioural and Cognitive Therapies	
33:89-102	Rehabilitation Program
Method/Results:	Rehabilitation Program
Design: Y Study Type: SSD. AB with follow up, replicated	Aim: To use CBT to decrease depression in people with Parkinsons Disease.
Y Study Type: SSD. AB with follow up, replicated across participants (A = baseline; B= treatment).	Disease.
Y Participants: 5 adults (age 51 years, age 72 years, age 83 years, age 80 years, age 82 years) with	Materials: Self-help booklet "Coping with depression when you have Parkinsons' Disease" (Beck, 2000).
Parkinsons Disease and depression.	have rankinsons bisease (beek, 2000).
Y Setting: Community setting – movement disorder	Treatment Plan:
clinic.	Y Duration: 5-10 days of baseline followed by 7 weeks of treatment and assessment one month after.
Target behaviour measure/s:	Y Procedure: One 60 minute session per week.
Y Subjective rating of Mood level (visual analogue	Y Content: Following Beck (2000): Session 1: education and
scale from 0 "very happy" to 10 "very low" also	information on session structure; Sessions 2–5:
count of activity level.	behavioural work; Session 6: Problem solving and barriers to compliance with medical advice; Session 7; review.
Primary outcome measure/s:	
Y Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS).	
Y Beck Depression Inventory ii (BDI-II).	
Y Parkinson's Disease Quality of Life Questionnaire (PDQL).	
Results: Reliable change seen in 4/5 patients on GDS,	
for 2 patients (with more severe depression prior to	
treatment) on BDI. No obvious trends in self-report (of mood) scale in any but one patient.	
mood) scale in any but one patient.	